

**Statistics 1211 Spring 2008 HW 4**  
**Due in class or in my mailbox before class on Feb.25**

**Section 1 graded:**

Problems from Devore: Section 4.3:

28, 29, 36, 37, 47

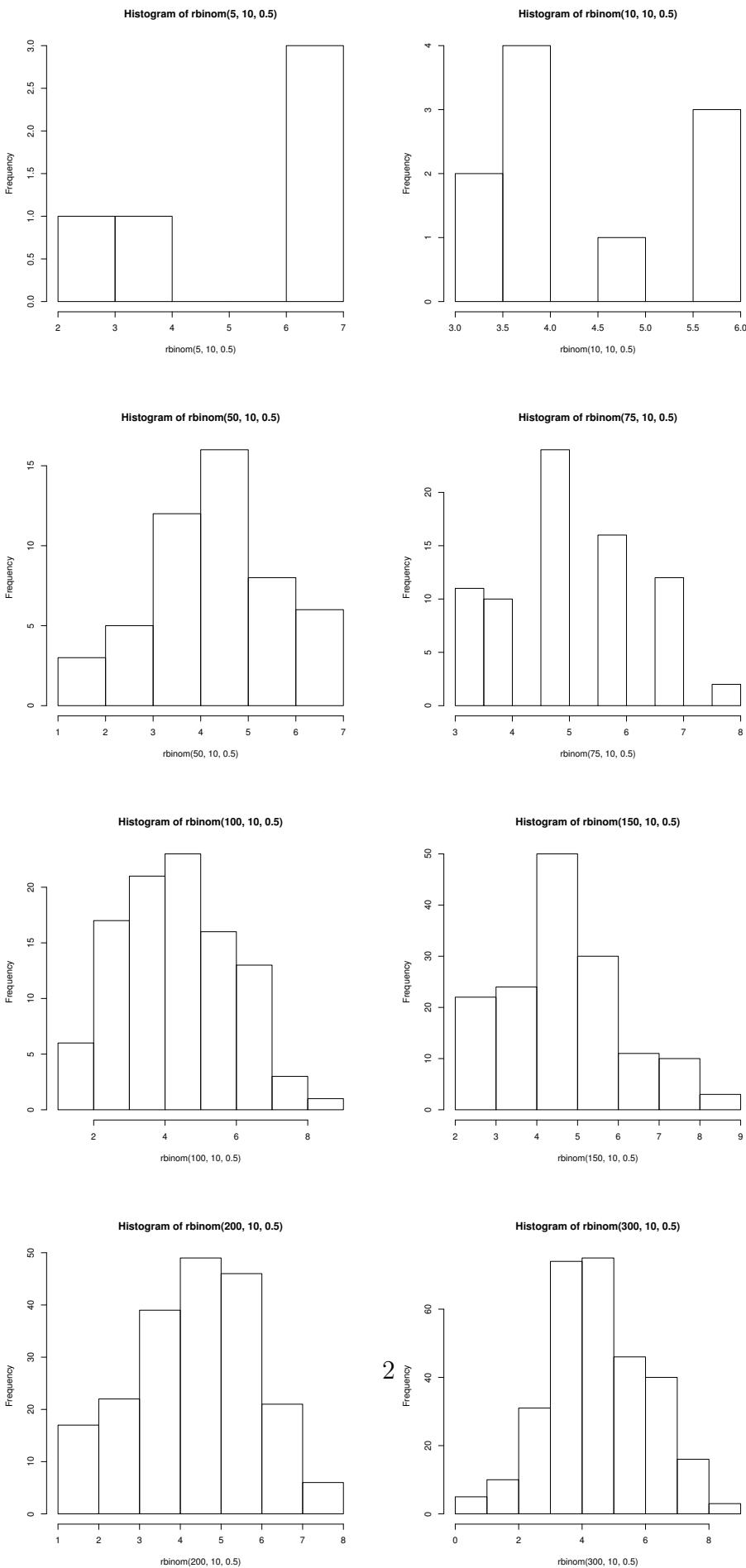
Problem 100, page 179, parts a-d. Problem 107 page 180, parts a-c. Problem 123. on page 182 (you will need to look up the definition of an exponential distribution).

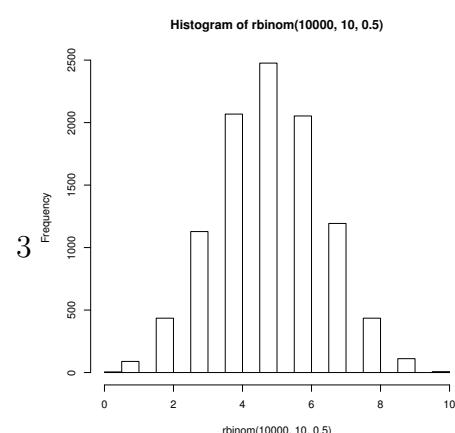
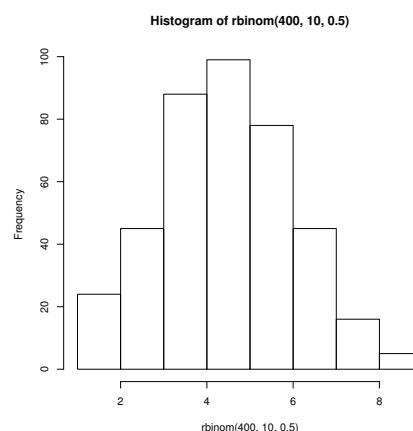
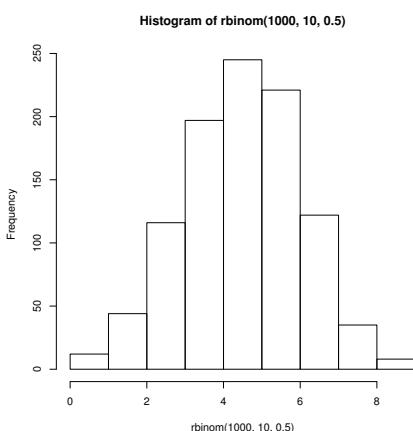
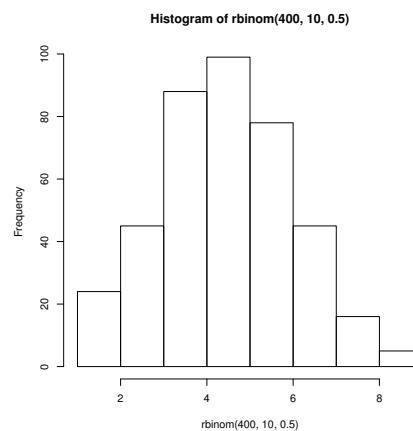
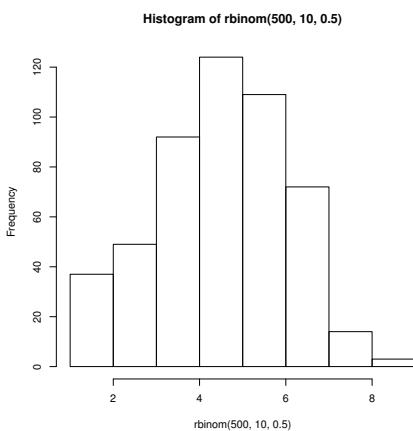
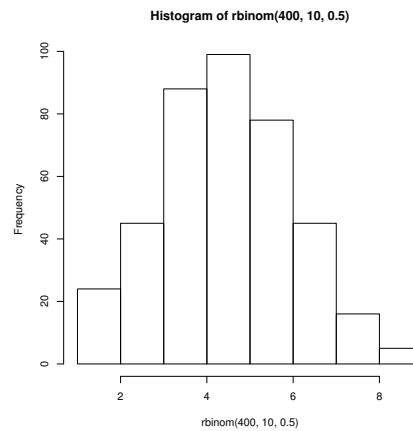
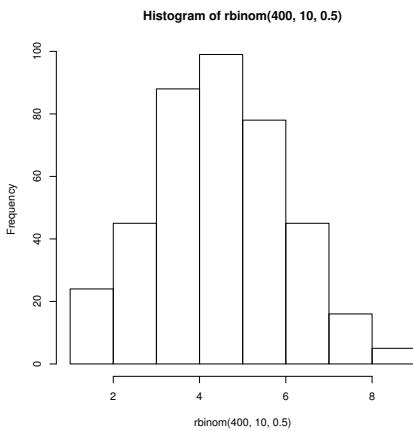
**Credit / No Credit**

Let  $F(t)$  denote the CDF of a random variable  $Z$ .

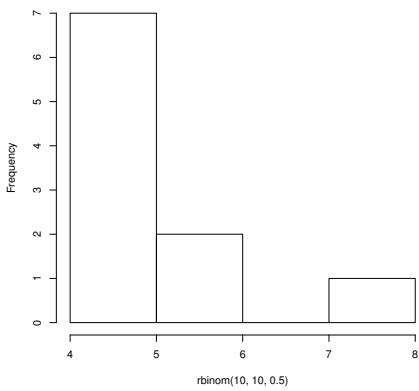
1. What is the CDF of the random variable  $F(Z)$ ?
2. Suppose you have a random number generator capable of generating random numbers uniformly in  $[0, 1]$ . That is, you have a random variable  $W$  which has  $\text{Unif}[0,1]$  distribution. Describe how you could generate a random variable  $Y$  where  $Y$  has  $\text{Unif}[a,b]$  distribution.
3. Describe how to generate a random variable whose distribution is  $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$ .

In case you don't have the handout from class:

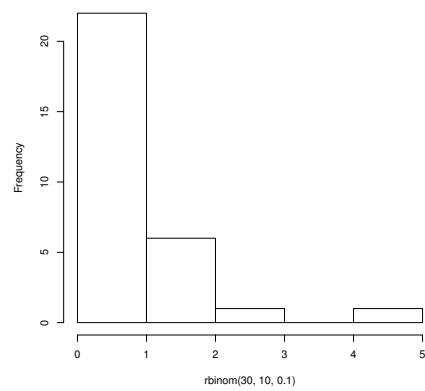




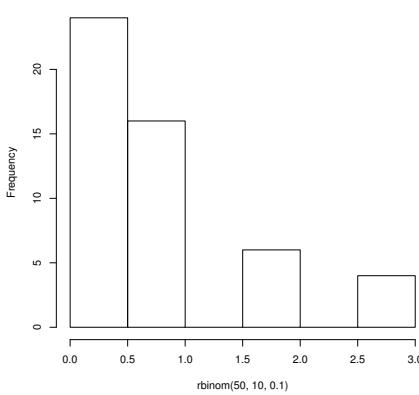
Histogram of  $rbinom(10, 10, 0.5)$



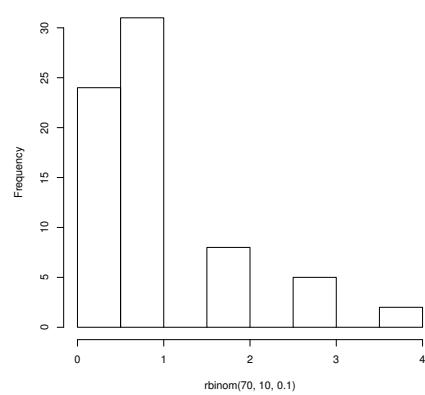
Histogram of  $rbinom(30, 10, 0.1)$



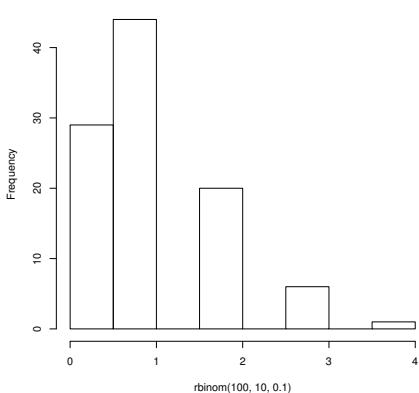
Histogram of  $rbinom(50, 10, 0.1)$



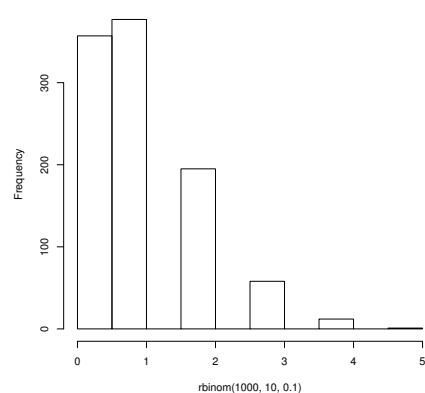
Histogram of  $rbinom(70, 10, 0.1)$



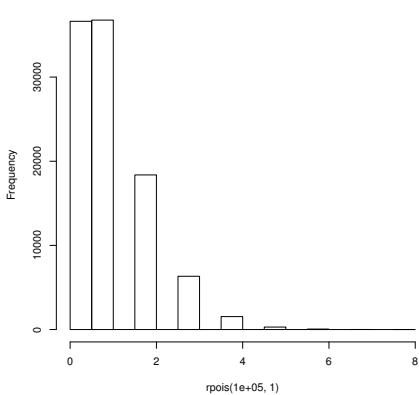
Histogram of  $rbinom(100, 10, 0.1)$



Histogram of  $rbinom(1000, 10, 0.1)$



Histogram of  $rpois(1e+05, 1)$



Histogram of  $rpois(1e+05, 2)$

