LINEAR REGRESSION MODELS W4315

HOMEWORK 1 QUESTIONS

September 21, 2010

Professor: Frank Wood

1. (20 points) Let \( Y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 X_i + \epsilon_i \) be a linear regression model with distribution of error terms unspecified (but with mean \( E(\epsilon) = 0 \) and variance \( V(\epsilon) = \sigma^2 \) (\( \sigma^2 \) finite) known). Show that \( s^2 = MSE = \frac{\sum(Y_i - \hat{Y}_i)^2}{n-2} \) is an unbiased estimator for \( \sigma^2 \). \( \hat{Y}_i = b_0 + b_1 X_i \) where \( b_0 = \bar{Y} - b_1 \bar{X} \) and \( b_1 = \frac{\sum((X_i - \bar{X})(Y_i - \bar{Y}))}{\sum(X_i - \bar{X})^2} \).

2. (20 points) Derive the maximum likelihood estimators \( \hat{\beta}_0, \hat{\beta}_1, \) and \( \hat{\sigma}^2 \) for parameters \( \beta_0, \beta_1, \) and \( \sigma^2 \) for the normal linear regression model (i.e. \( \epsilon_i \sim iid \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2) \)).

3. (20 points) \( X_1, X_2, X_3, \ldots, X_{100} \) are iid normal random variables with mean \( \mu \) and variance \( \sigma^2 \), we want to estimate the mean \( \mu \). Consider two estimators, \( X_1 \) and \( \bar{X} = \frac{1}{100} \sum_{i=1}^{100} X_i \):
   a. Show these two estimators are both unbiased. Also derive the distribution of each estimator. Which estimator do you think is better? Why?
   b. When \( \mu = 0 \) and \( \sigma^2 = 100 \), generate \( X_1, X_2, X_3, \ldots, X_{100} \). Calculate the estimate \( \bar{X} \) and denote it as \( \hat{\mu}_1 \). Repeat this 100 times and plot the density histogram of \( \hat{\mu}_1, \hat{\mu}_2, \hat{\mu}_3, \ldots, \hat{\mu}_{100} \). Overlay the probability density of \( \bar{X} \) on the plot (see matlab function “normpdf”).

4. (40 points) Copier maintenance.¹ The Tri-City Office Equipment Corporation sells an imported copier on a franchise basis and performs preventive maintenance and repair services on this copier. The data below have been collected from 45 recent calls on users to perform routine preventive number of minutes spent by the service person. Assume that first-order regression model(\( Y_i = b_0 + b_1 X_i + \epsilon_i \)) is appropriate.

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</table>

¹This is problem 1.20 in “Applied Linear Regression Models(4th edition)” by Kutner etc.)
a. Obtain estimated regression function.
b. Plot the estimated regression function and the data. How well does the estimated regression function fit the data?
c. Interpret $b_0$ in your estimated regression function. Does $b_0$ provide any relevant information here? Explain.
d. Obtain a point estimate of the mean service time when $X = 5$ copiers are serviced.

Notice: You can get data for this problem on www.mhhe.com/KutnerALRM4e. Use MATLAB, do not use any other programming language. Only basic MATLAB operators are allowed, do not use any built-in functions to do the regression, i.e. the function “regress” cannot be used except, perhaps, to verify that your answer is correct before submitting your own implementation.