Forecasting elections from the economy

	Income growth	Incumbent party's share of the popular vote			
Johnson vs. Goldwater (1964)	more than 4%				•
Reagan vs. Mondale (1984)					•
Nixon vs. McGovern (1972)	3% to 4%				•
Humphrey vs. Nixon (1968)			•		
Eisenhower vs. Stevenson (1956)					•
Stevenson vs. Eisenhower (1952)	2% to 3%	•			
Gore vs. Bush, Jr. (2000)			•		
Bush, Sr. vs. Dukakis (1988)				•	
Bush, Jr. vs. Kerry (2004)			•		
Ford vs. Carter (1976)	1% to 2%		•		
Clinton vs. Dole (1996)				•	
Obama vs. Romney (2012)	0% to 1%		•		
Nixon vs. Kennedy (1960)			•		
Bush, Sr. vs. Clinton (1992)		•			
McCain vs. Obama (2008)		•			
Carter vs. Reagan (1980)	negative	•			
		45%	50%	55%	60%

Above matchups are all listed as incumbent party's candidate vs. other party's candidate.

Income growth is a weighted measure over the four years preceding the election. Vote share excludes third parties.